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# INTEGRATED WATER CYCLE MANAGEMENT REPORT

## ROSEBANK COLLEGE

121 Parramatta Road, Five Dock, NSW 2046

Date: 22 May 2020  
Revision: 2  
Issue: 1  
Ref. No.: 20096\_C\_RPT\_IWCM

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## Document Control

Revision	Date	Description	Prepared	Reviewed	Approved
1	15.05.20	Preliminary Issue	JK	BB	BB
2	22.05.20	DA Issue	JK	BB	BB

Prepared by	John Kokkinos	Revision	2
Approved by	Benjamin Barrett	Revision	2

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## 1. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Sparks & Partners have been engaged by Midson Group Pty Ltd to provide civil engineering services to support the proposed Development Application for Rosebank College, Five Dock. The engineering services include the design and documentation of the stormwater drainage infrastructure for the proposed development.

City of Canada Bay Council (CCB) are the approval authority for the proposed development. An Integrated Water Cycle Management Plan be prepared that takes into consideration the objectives and controls under Appendix 2 of the City of Canada Bay Development Control Plan 2017 (CCBDCP). In response to this requirement Sparks and Partners has undertaken modelling of the proposed integrated water management measures and prepared this report to demonstrate that the proposed development identifies and incorporates water conservation and stormwater management measures into its design and operation in accordance with the requirements of Appendix 2 of the CCBDCP.

## 2. INTRODUCTION

### 2.1 Existing Site

The existing Rosebank College at 121 Parramatta Road, Five Dock currently occupies a total site area of Site area 20,824m<sup>2</sup> and consist of seven (7) permanent school buildings, several demountable buildings, an existing chapel, hardstand, car parking areas and landscaping. The site is currently developed where majority of the site is occupied by impervious surfaces such as building roofs or hardstand. The site bound by Parramatta Road along its Southern boundary, Harris Road along its Eastern Boundary, Queens Road along its Northern boundary, and neighbouring industrial warehouses along its Western Boundary. The site consists of a gradual fall from the Eastern boundary Western boundary, with the South Western boundary corner being the lowest point. The site is accessible from all three roads. Existing stormwater drainage is located near the North Western boundary corner and along the Southern boundary.



Figure 1. Existing Site – Aerial Image (Source: Six Maps)

## 2.2 Proposed Development

The proposed development occupies a total site area of 2,704m<sup>2</sup> within Rosebank College and consists of one (1) new building, located within the South Eastern boundary corner, utilising a small portion of the existing carpark. The new building occupies 2,317m<sup>2</sup> of the site area and consists of a stormwater drainage network connecting into the existing stormwater drainage towards the Southern boundary. The existing carpark accompanying the development occupies 356m<sup>2</sup> of the site and will drain into the existing stormwater drainage, whilst 72m<sup>2</sup> of impervious hardstand throughout the developing site area is considered as stormwater bypass.



Figure 2. Proposed Development – Aerial Image (Source: Six Maps)

### 3. INTEGRATED WATER MANAGEMENT

#### 3.1 General

The objective of integrated water management is to provide a strategy that brings together the different aspects of the water cycle as a whole rather than an ad hoc approach to water management. This includes the management aspects of freshwater, wastewater and stormwater. The following integrated water management strategies have been considered and addressed for the proposed development:

1. Employ an integrated water collection and recycling system for capturing and recycling roofwater;
2. Control the quality of stormwater that is disposed from the site;
3. Control the quantity of stormwater that is discharged for the site.

To demonstrate the above concept stormwater drainage plans and associated details have been prepared along with detailed modelling using the Council endorsed MUSIC software package. The concept stormwater drainage plans detail the location of the water management infrastructure including pits, pipes, dish drains, grated trench drains, pump out pit, OSD, rainwater tank, OceanGuards and Stormfilters, and are included in Appendix A.

#### 3.2 Rainwater Reuse

Through the reuse of collected roofwater for non-potable reuse the proposed demand on potable water resources is reduced. The proposed development will capture roof water from part of the building roof area ( $979\text{m}^2$ ). This collected roofwater will be conveyed to an 12,000 litre tank for storage and reuse throughout the development. Re-use purposes will primarily include toilet flushing and irrigation uses. A water balance of the proposed reuse system has been completed to model the effectiveness and efficiency of the system. The water balance model was constructed using the MUSIC software package with the following inputs:

- Total approximate non-potable reuse based on:
  - Toilet reuse of 0.1kL/day/toilet for 4 days per week (to account for weekends, public and school holidays) for the 5 proposed toilets. This results in a daily demand of  $0.1 \text{kL/toilet/day} \times 5 \text{ toilets} \times 4/7 \text{ days per week} = 0.29\text{kL/day}$ .
  - $395\text{m}^2$  or irrigated area requiring 0.4kL/m<sup>2</sup>/year resulting in an annual demand of 158kL/yr.

Using the above determined non-potable demand the MUSIC model determines the rainwater tank has an approximate efficiency of 83%. This efficiency results in an approximate reduction in the proposed demand on potable water supplies of 213,000 litres per year.

### 3.3 Stormwater Quality

To ensure the quality of stormwater leaving the site is acceptable and meets council's requirements specific water quality treatment measures are to be employed. These treatment measures are to treat the collected stormwater runoff prior to discharge to the council drainage system located in Parramatta Road. The treatment measures consist of a Rainwater reuse tank, Ocean Protect OceanGuard and Stormfilters. The combination of these measures provides a treatment train approach to the treatment of stormwater runoff.

Modelling of the proposed treatment measures has been undertaken using the MUSIC software package version 6. The modelling inputs have been based on the pollutant loads within the NSW MUSIC Modelling Guidelines August 2015. The modelling results of the water quality achieved for the site is detailed in Table 1 – MUSIC Model Results below, along with a figure of the prepared model.

	Source Load	Residual Load	% Reduction Achieved	CCB % Reduction Requirement	Compliance with CCB Requirement
Total Suspended Solids (kg/yr)	232	45.6	80.3	80	Y
Total Phosphorus (kg/yr)	0.697	0.241	65.4	45	Y
Total Nitrogen (kg/yr)	7.42	4.07	45.1	45	Y
Gross Pollutants (kg/yr)	82.4	1.96	97.6	70	Y

Table 1. MUSIC Model Results

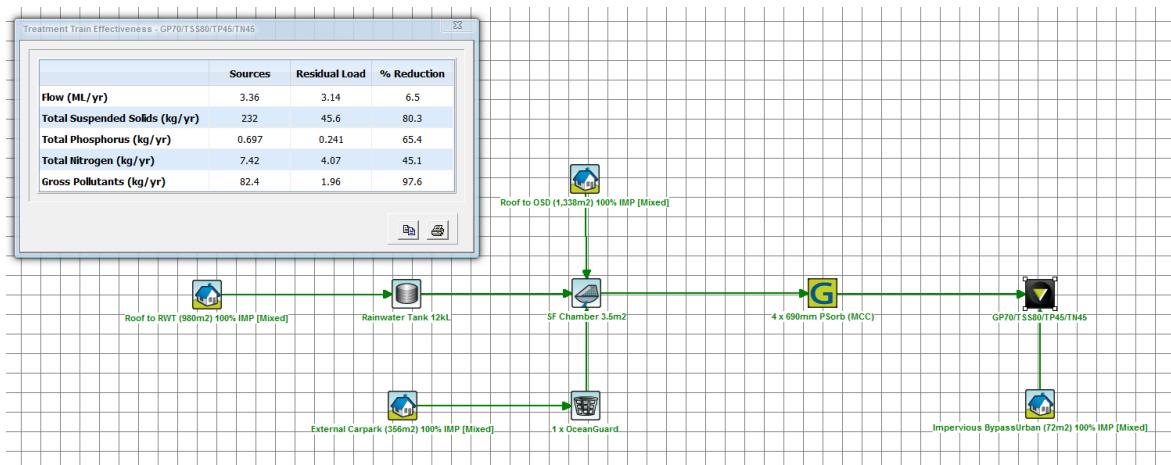


Figure 3. MUSIC Model Results

### 3.4 Stormwater Quantity

The proposed development requires the implementation of on-site detention (OSD) as per the CCB Engineering Guide for Development to control stormwater discharge from the site. The proposed development has an approximate area of 97.4% draining to the proposed on-site detention (OSD) facility which includes pavement ( $356\text{m}^2$ ) and roof ( $2,317\text{m}^2$ ) areas. A catchment plan of the proposed development is included in the Appendix A.

The CCBDCP required a Catchment Method is used to calculate the OSD volume and Permissible Site Discharge for the development. Based on the above catchment areas the storage required for the proposed development is approx.  $48.3\text{m}^3$  with a maximum discharge of  $48.1\text{L/sec}$ . Refer to the design summary on DA1.02 located in the Appendix A for review.

### 3.5 Maintenance and Monitoring

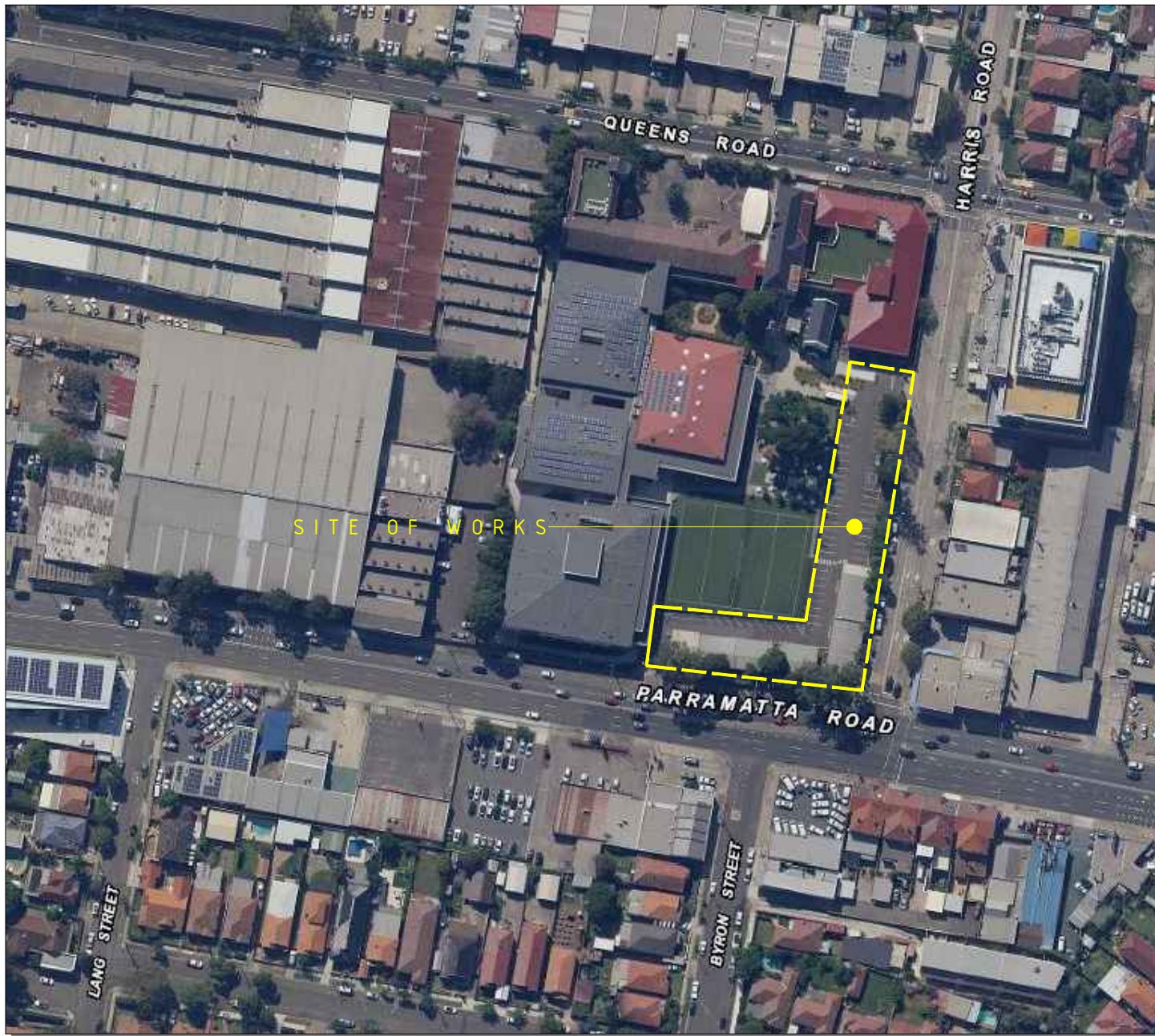
To ensure the continued efficient and correct operation of the proposed integrated water management infrastructure a ‘maintenance and monitoring schedule’ is included in the Appendix B of this plan. The schedule details the frequency of inspections, what is to be inspected and what rectifications to make if required for the water management infrastructure located within the proposed development. The schedule is to be implemented upon commissioning of the water management infrastructure and remain in place for the life of the development; with all records kept on site for inspection should the approval authority deem it necessary.

## CONCLUSION

Based on the preparation of the concept stormwater drainage plans and MUSIC modeling results it is demonstrated that the principles of integrated water management have been incorporated into the design and operation of the proposed development at Rosebank College Five Dock in accordance with CCBDCP 2017 Appendix 2. It is demonstrated that the proposed development achieves reductions in potable water import by capturing rainwater on site and reusing this for non-potable uses including irrigation and toilet flushing, achieves pollution reduction targets set by council, and employs OSD for the control of stormwater discharge from the site in accordance with targets set by council. It is also demonstrated that the proposed development will continue to operate effectively and efficiently through the implementation and use of a monitoring and maintenance schedule ensuring the integrity of the system is maintained.

## APPENDIX A. CONCEPT DRAINAGE PLANS

# **ROSEBANK COLLEGE EXTENSION CONCEPT STORMWATER MANAGEMENT**



## DRAWING SCHEDULE

- DA1.01 COVER PAGE, LOCALITY PLAN & DRAWING SCHEDULE
  - DA1.02 SPECIFICATION NOTES
  - DA2.01 EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN SHEET 1
  - DA2.02 EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN SHEET 2 AND DETAILS
  - DA4.01 CONCEPT STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN SHEET 1
  - DA4.02 CONCEPT STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN SHEET 2
  - DA4.05 CONCEPT STORMWATER CATCHMENT PLAN
  - DA4.11 STORMWATER MANAGEMENT DETAILS SHEET 1
  - DA4.12 STORMWATER MANAGEMENT DETAILS SHEET 2
  - DA4.13 STORMWATER MANAGEMENT DETAILS SHEET 3

## LOCALITY PLAN

NOT TO SCALE - COURTESY OF SIX MAPS

**NOT TO SCALE**

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# DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION

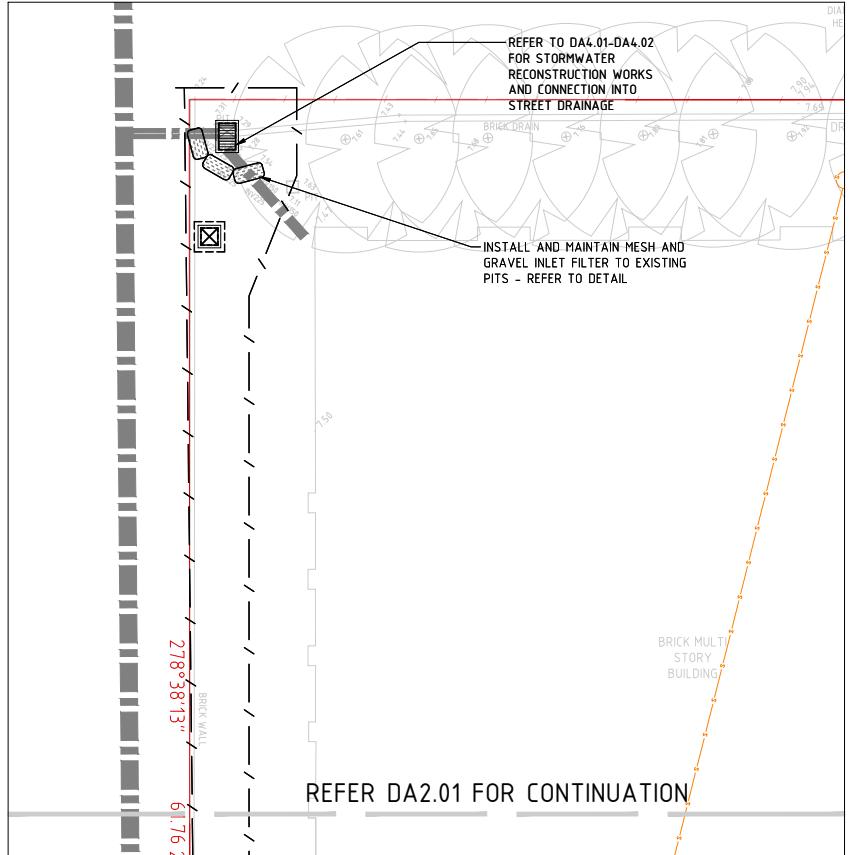
**SPARKS + PARTNERS**  
CONSULTING ENGINEERS  
HYDRAULIC | CIVIL | FIRE

DRAWING TITLE  
**CIVIL DESIGN**  
COVER PAGE LOCALITY PLAN &

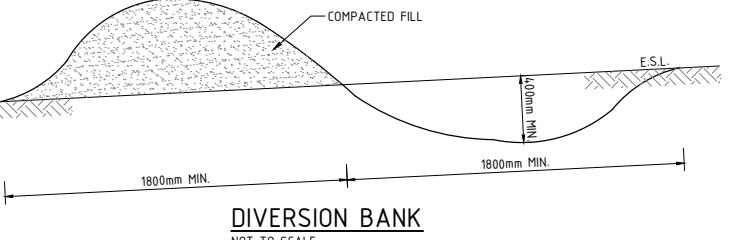
COVER PAGE, SOCIETY PLAN &			
DRAWING SCHEDULE			
DATE	DRAWN	DESIGNED	CHECKED
MAY 2020	JK	BB	BB
PROJECT No	SCALE	SIZE	REVISION
20096	NTS	A1	
	DRAWING No	DA101	







## DOWNSTREAM SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL MEASURES



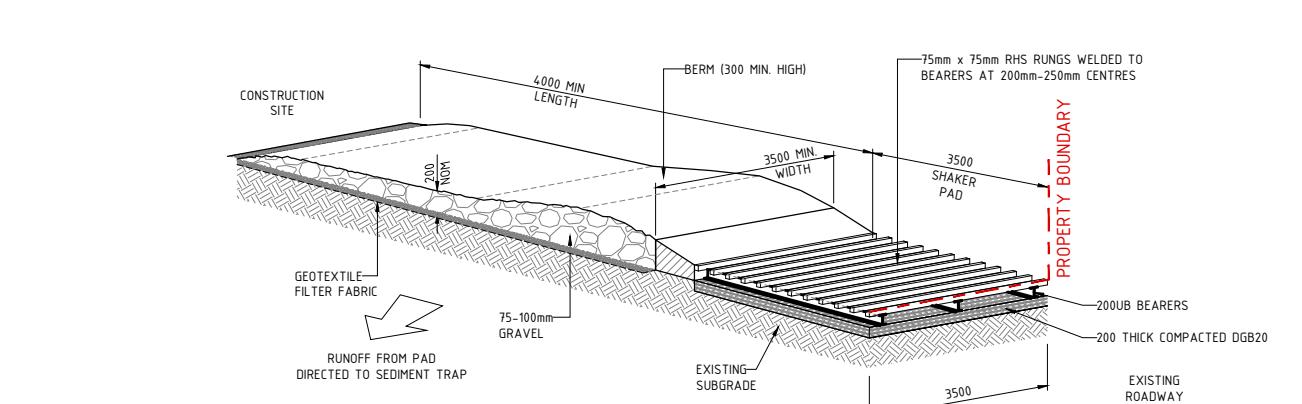
## DIVERSION BANK

## GEOTEXTILE INLET FILTER DROP INLET SEDIMENT TRAP

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NOT TO SCALE

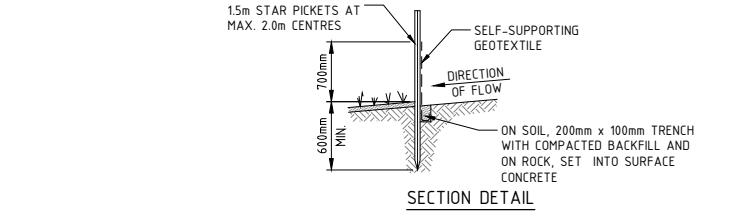
1. FABRICATE A SEDIMENT BARRIER MADE FROM GEOTEXTILE OR STRAW BALES.
  2. CUT A 200mm DEEP TRENCH ALONG THE UPSLOPE LINE OF THE FENCE FOR THE BOTTOM OF THE FABRIC TO BE ENTRENCHED.
  3. DRIVE 10m LONG STAR PICKETS INTO GROUND AT THE FOUR CORNERS OF PIT WALLS. ENSURE ANY STAR PICKETS ARE FITTED WITH SAFETY CAPS.
  4. FIX SELF-SUPPORTING GEOTEXTILE TO THE UPSLOPE SIDE OF THE POSTS ENSURING IT GOES TO THE BASE OF THE TRENCH. FIX THE GEOTEXTILE WITH WIRE TIES OR AS RECOMMENDED BY THE MANUFACTURER. ONLY USE GEOTEXTILE SPECIFICALLY PRODUCED FOR SEDIMENT FENCING. THE USE OF SHADE CLOTH FOR THIS PURPOSE IS NOT SATISFACTORY.
  5. JOIN SECTIONS OF FABRIC AT A SUPPORT POST WITH A 150mm OVERLAP.
  6. BACKFILL THE TRENCH OVER THE BASE OF THE FABRIC AND COMPACT IT THOROUGHLY OVER THE GEOTEXTILE.



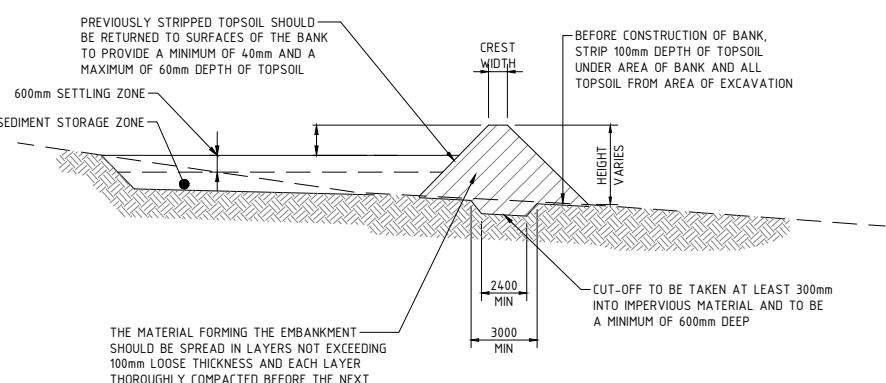
## STABILISED SITE ACCESS WITH SHAKER PAD

NOT TO SCALE

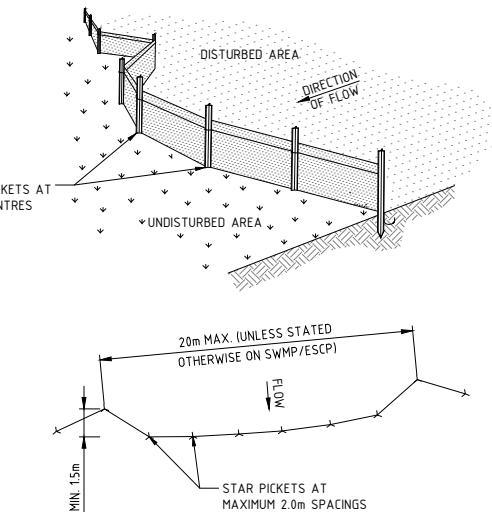
- PERMANT ACCESS SHALL BE MAINTAINED IN A CONDITION THAT PREVENTS TRACKING OR FLOWING OF SEDIMENT  
RIGHTS OF WAY.  
REQUIRE PERIODIC TOP DRESSING WITH ADDITIONAL GRAVEL AS CONDITIONS DEMAND AND REPAIR AND/OR  
OF ANY MEASURES USED TO TRAP SEEDING.  
SEED SPILLED, DROPPED, WASHED OR TRACKED ONTO PUBLIC RIGHTS OF WAY MUST BE REMOVED IMMEDIATELY.  
CARRIER ON EITHER SIDE OF SHAKER PAD TO ENSURE VEHICLES ARE GUIDED ON TO THE PAD.  
SHAKER PAD TO BE DRAINED VIA AIRCUT TURBAL PIPE WRAPPED IN GEOTEXTILE FABRIC.



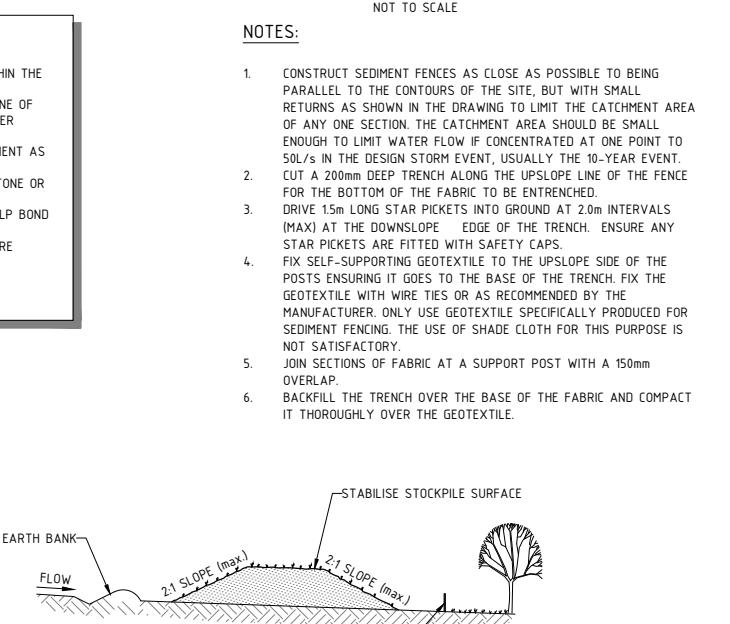
## EDIMENT BASIN WET (TYPICAL) CROSS PLAN - TYPE D AND F SOILS



## EDIMENT BASIN WET (TYPICAL) CROSS SECTION - TYPE D AND F SOILS



## PLAN

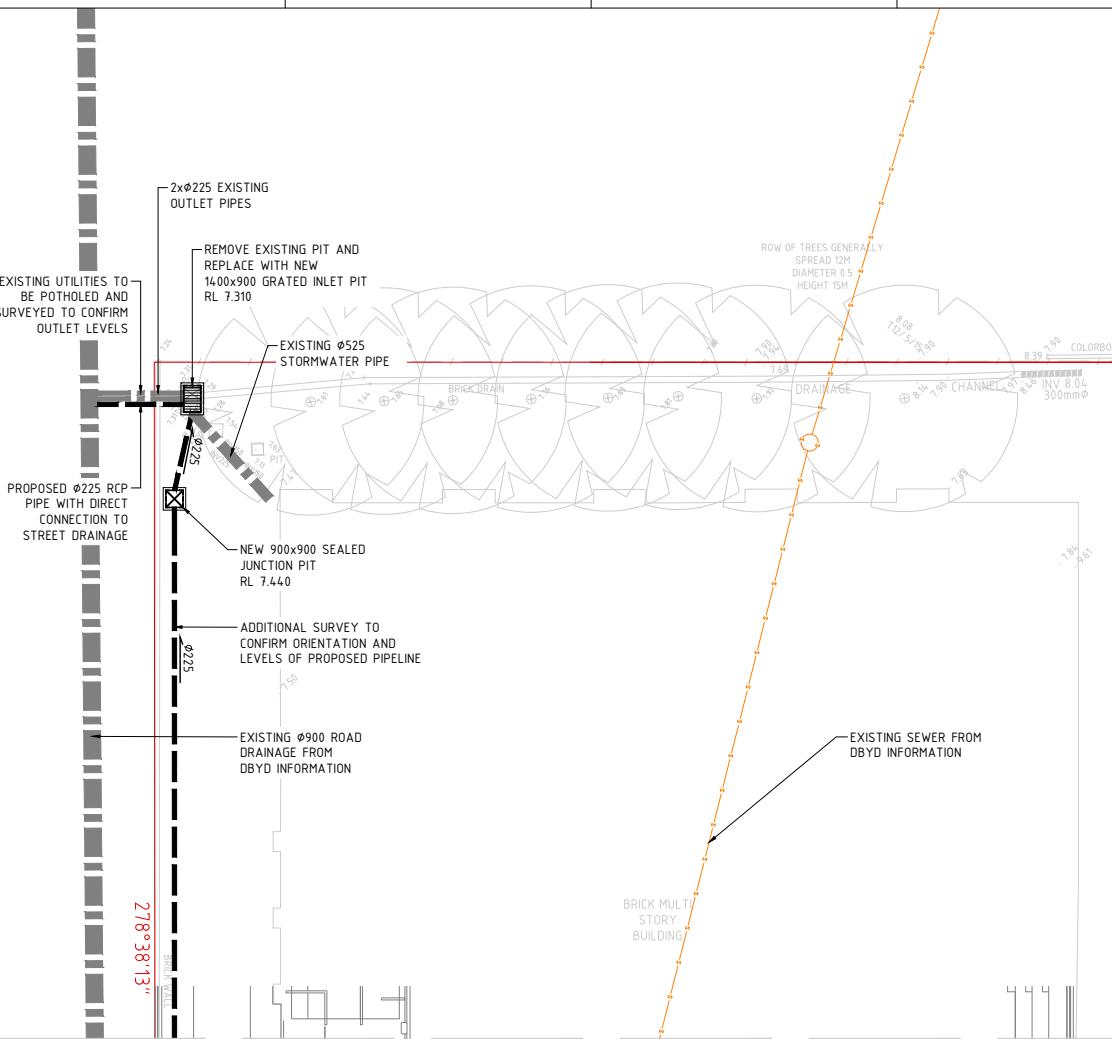


## SEDIMENT

1. PLACE STOCKPILES MORE THAN 2 (PREFERABLY 5) METRES FROM EXISTING VEGETATION, CONCENTRATED WATER FLOW, ROADS AND HAZARD AREAS.
  2. CONSTRUCT ON THE CONTOUR AS LOW, FLAT, ELONGATED MOUNDS.
  3. WHERE THERE IS SUFFICIENT AREA, TOPSOIL STOCKPILES SHALL BE LESS THAN 2 METRES IN HEIGHT.
  4. WHERE THEY ARE TO BE IN PLACE FOR MORE THAN 10 DAYS, STABILISE FOLLOWING THE APPROVED ESCP OR SWMP TO REDUCE THE C-FACTOR TO LESS THAN 0.10.
  5. CONSTRUCT EARTH BANKS ON THE UPSLOPE SIDE TO DIVERT WATER AROUND STOCKPILES AND SEDIMENT FENCES 1 TO 2 METRES DOWNSLOPE







REFER TO DA4.01 FOR CONTINUATION

## NOTES

1. REFER TO DRAWING DA4.01 FOR STORMWATER LEGEND AND NOTES

F 6

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## REFERENCES

DATE	AMENDMENT
15.05.20	PRELIMINARY ISSUE
22.05.20	DA ISSUE

	INIT	REV	DATE
	JK	1	
	JK	2	

E	AMENDMENT

	INIT	REV	STRUCTURAL
			-
			MECHANICAL
			-

CLIENT

COLLEGE EXTENSION  
Level 1, 91 George Street  
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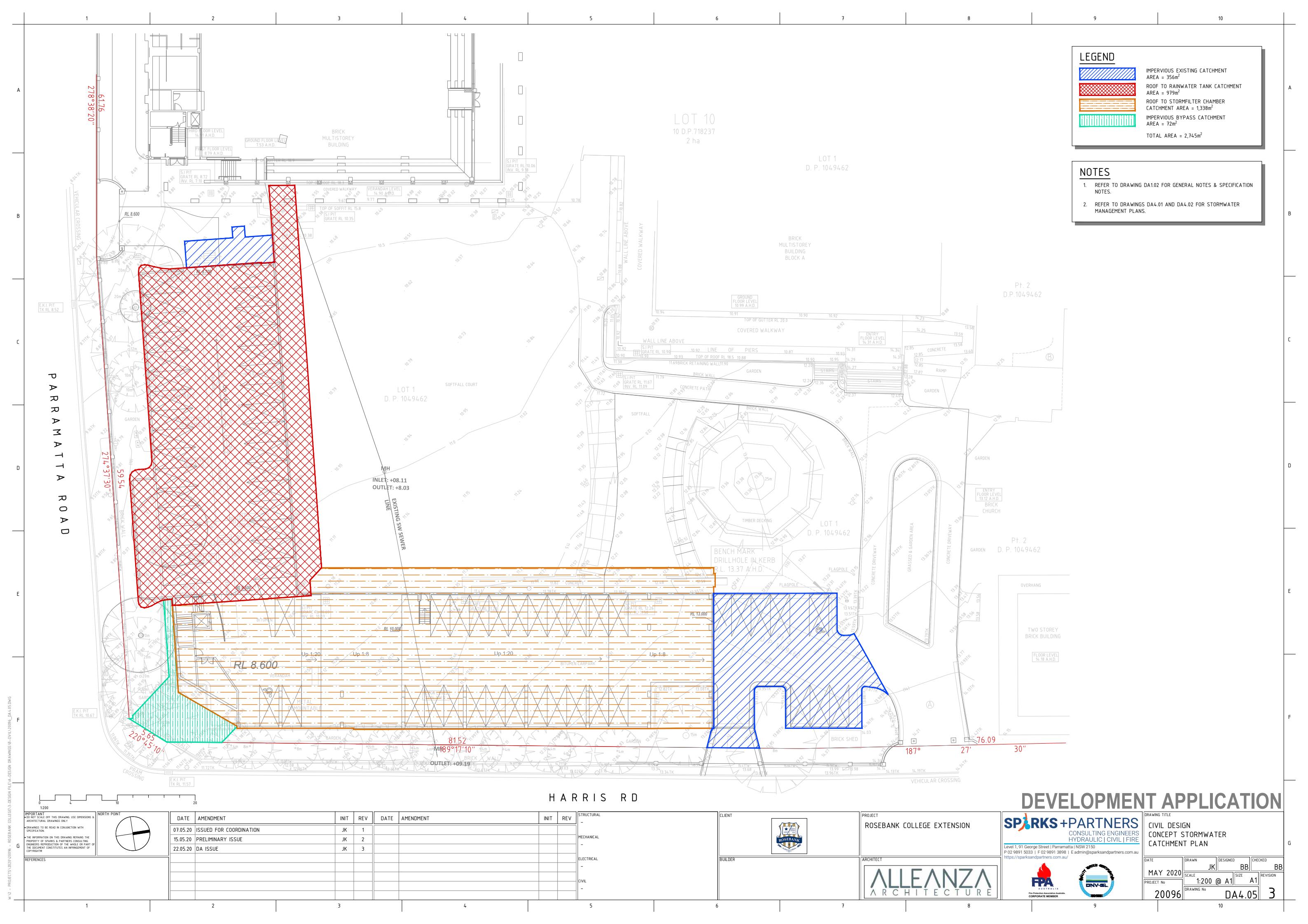


# T APPLICATION

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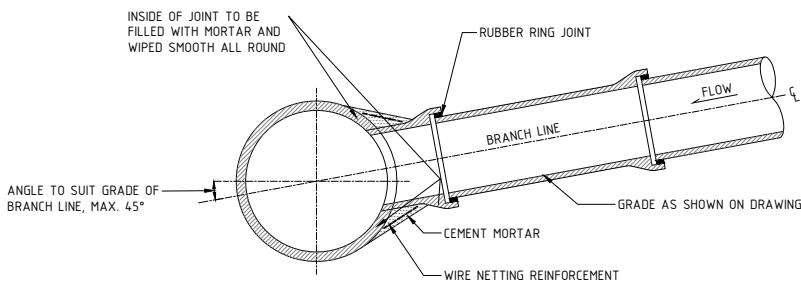
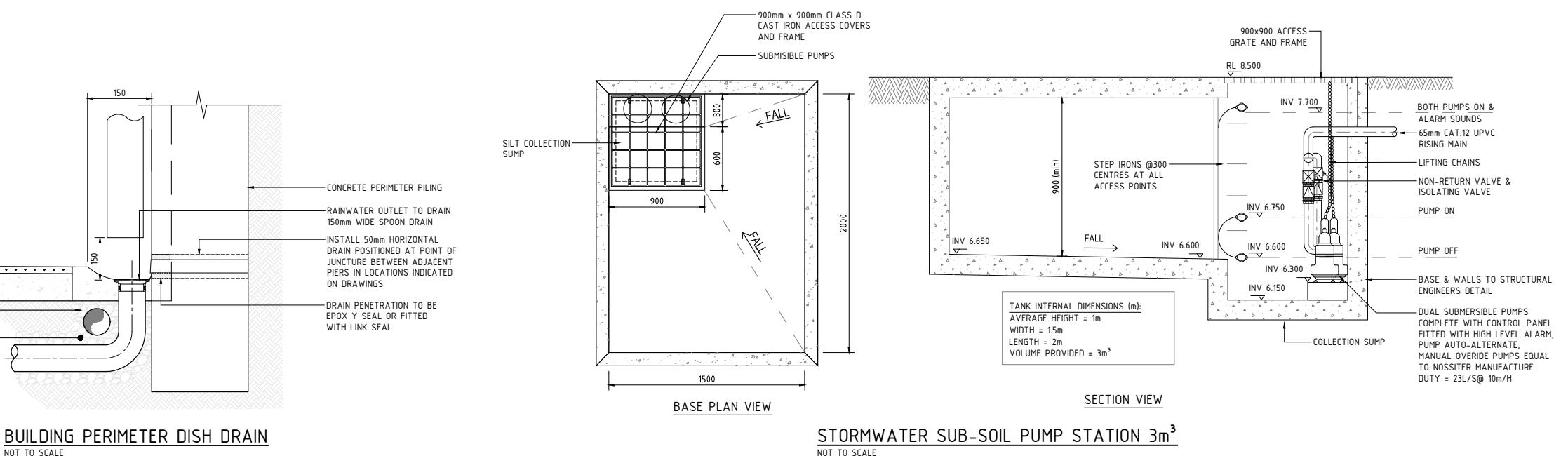
CIVIL DESIGN  
CONCEPT STORMWATER

CONCEPT STREAMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN SHEET 2				
DATE	DRAWN	DESIGNED	CHECKED	
MAY 2020	JK	BB	BB	
PROJECT No	SCALE	SIZE	REVISION	
20096	1:200 @ A1	A1	2	
	DRAWING No	DA4.02		









NOTES	
1.	CENTRE LINE OF BRANCH MUST INTERSECT CENTRE LINE OF MAIN.
2.	THE BRANCH IS TREATED AS A 'DEAD END' LINE WITH A MANHOLE. TO BE LOCATED WITHIN 50m OF MAIN.
3.	HORIZONTAL ANGLE AT A BREAK INTO MAIN SHOULD NOT BE LESS THAN 45° AND MUST NOT EXCEED 90°.
4.	BRANCH LINE Ø150 MIN, Ø750 MAX.

**DIRECT CONNECTION**  
NOT TO SCALE

AS SHOWN

NORTH POINT	
DATE	AMENDMENT
INIT	REV
DATE	AMENDMENT
INIT	REV

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**CIVIL DESIGN STORMWATER MANAGEMENT DETAILS SHEET 3**

**ROSEBANK COLLEGE EXTENSION**

**ALLEANZA ARCHITECTURE**

**DATE DRAWN DESIGNED CHECKED**  
MAY 2020 JK BB BB

**SCALE AS SHOWN SIZE A1**  
AS SHOWN A1

**REVISION**  
DRAWING No. 20096  
DA4.13 2

**FPA AUSTRALIA**  
CORPORATE MEMBER

## APPENDIX B. MAINTENANCE & MONITORING SCHEDULE

# STORMWATER DRAINAGE SYSTEM MONITORING AND MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE



Author Name & Signature:

Date:

## Rosebank College, 121 Parramatta Road, Five Dock

### General Notes:

1 - Maintenance is to be carried out with regard to relevant occupational health and safety guidelines and standards. This includes all confined space, traffic management, fall arrest and other requirements.

2 - Initial monitoring and inspections of the stormwater system post commissioning are to be carried out every 3 months for the first year of operation. The amount and type of debris is to be noted and recorded. This information shall be used to determine if modification of the frequency of inspections is required.

3 - The frequency of inspections shown in the stormwater maintenance schedule are the maximum periods. Inspection frequencies may be reduced upon completion of the initial monitoring and inspection program as noted in note 2.

4 - Blank copies of the maintenance schedule are to be made and filled out during each subsequent inspection with the details kept on site for future reference.

Inspected by: .....

Date of Inspection: .....

Date of Next Inspection: .....

Item to be Inspected	Frequency	Performed by	Inspected	Maintenance Required	Maintenance Procedure	Maintenance Completed Date
			Yes/No	Yes/No		
<b>General</b>						
Eaves/Box Guttering System and Downpipes	Six Monthly/ After Major Storm	Owner / Maintenance Contractor			Inspect and remove any build up of sediment, debris, litter and vegetation within gutter system.	
Stormwater surface inlet and junction pits	Four Monthly/ After Major Storm	Owner / Maintenance Contractor			Remove grate and inspect internal walls and base, repair where required. Remove any collected sediment, debris, litter and vegetation. (e.g. Vacum/eductor truck) Inspect and ensure grate is clear of sediment, debris, litter and vegetation. Ensure flush placement of grate on refitment	
General inspection of complete stormwater drainage system (that's visible)	Bi-annually	Owner / Maintenance Contractor			Inspect all drainage structures noting any dilapidation, carry out required repairs.	
<b>Rainwater Tank</b>						
First Flush Device	6 Monthly	Owner / Maintenance Contractor			Inspect first flush device to ensure correct operation. Remove accumulated litter & debris. If device is not functioning properly repair or replace.	
Internal Inspection	6 Monthly	Owner / Maintenance Contractor			Check for evidence of access by animals, birds or insects including the presence of mosquito larvae. If present, identify access point and close. If evidence of algal growth, find and close points of light entry.	
Tank and tank roof	6 Monthly	Owner / Maintenance Contractor			Check structural integrity of tank including roof and access covers. Any dilapidation including holes or gaps are to be noted and repaired.	
<b>Water Quality Devices</b>						
Ocean Protect OceanGuard	Refer Manufacturers Manual	Maintenance / Specialised Contractor			Refer to manufacturers operation and maintenance manual.	
Ocean Protect Stormfilter	Refer Manufacturers Manual	Maintenance / Specialised Contractor			Refer to manufacturers operation and maintenance manual.	
<b>On-Site Detention Tank</b>						
Trash Screen	Six Monthly/ After Major Storm	Owner / Maintenance Contractor			Inspect trash screen to ensure correct operation. Remove accumulated litter & debris. If device is not functioning properly repair or replace.	
Orifice Plate	Six Monthly/ After Major Storm	Owner / Maintenance Contractor			Inspect orifice plate to ensure correct operation. Check orifice diameter size is correct and no damage is present to orifice edge. Check orifice plate is securely fastened to wall with no gaps present between plate and face of wall. If gaps are present fill with sealant or mortar to provide water tight seal.	
Weep Holes in base of sump	Six Monthly/ After Major Storm	Owner / Maintenance Contractor			Inspect weep holes in base of sump. Ensure weep holes are able to drain effectively and remove accumulated sediment and debris if present.	
Tank and tank roof	6 Monthly	Owner / Maintenance Contractor			Check structural integrity of tank including roof and access covers. Any dilapidation including holes or gaps are to be noted and repaired.	